





STUDY OF A DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE INDUSTRIAL PLANT IN THE NORM CONTEXT AND WITHIN THE REGULATORY SPANISH FRAMEWORK

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SPANISH LEGAL FRAMEWORK IN NORM

EURATOM 29/96

RD 783/2001

RD 1439/2010

- 1- The industry holder MUST perform the studies to show wheter there is an increasing dose to workers and to the public due to the industrial activity.
- 2- The industry holder MUST declare its industrial activity to the Authorities.
- 3- This RD is also extended to the wastes storage and handling.

Instructions: Nuclear Security Council (CSN)



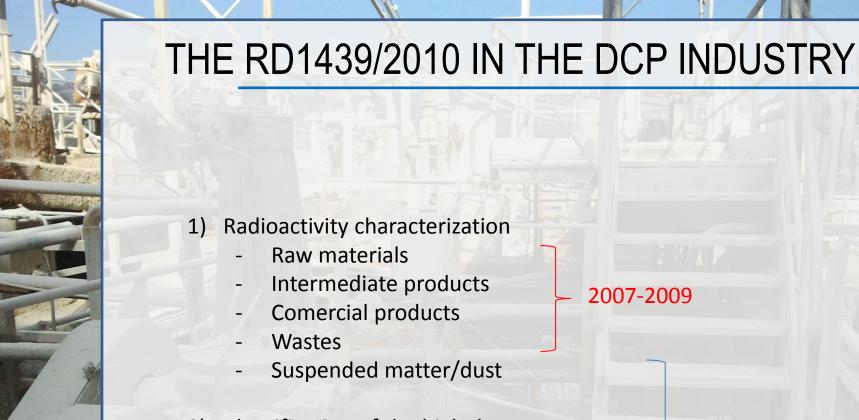
THE RD1439/2010 IN THE DCP INDUSTRY

PHOSPHATE INDUSTRIES

DCP INDUSTRIES

 $Ca(H_2PO_4)_2$

- Inorganic feed supplement
- Classified as feed material by the European Commission Regulation.
- Calcium and phosphorus feed supplement for domestic animals (cattle, poultry, beef, sheep). 18% of P and between 25-30% of Ca.
- High calcium availability (93%).

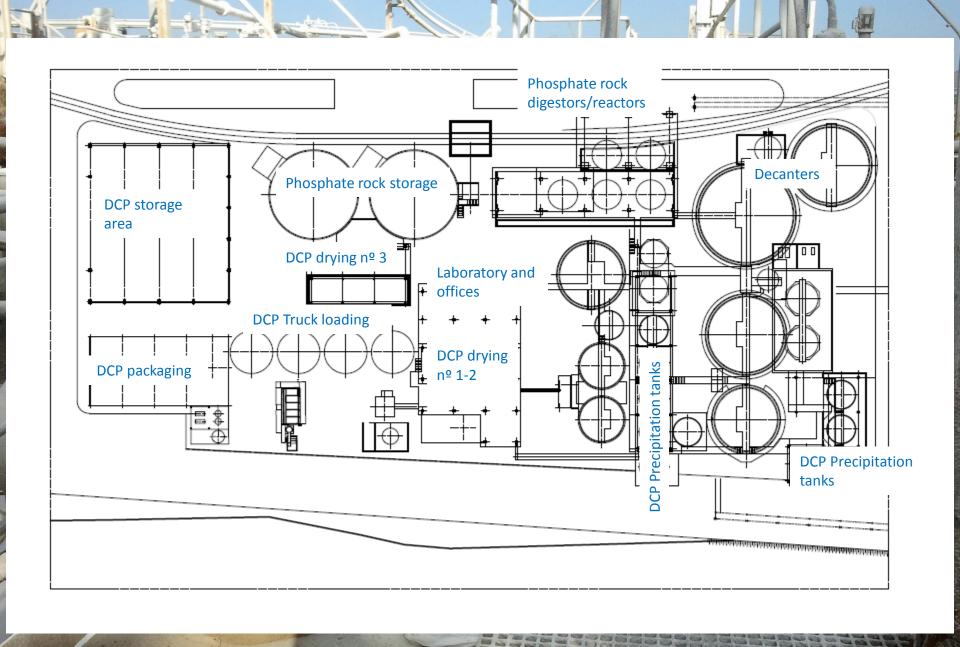


2) Identification of the high dose rates areas

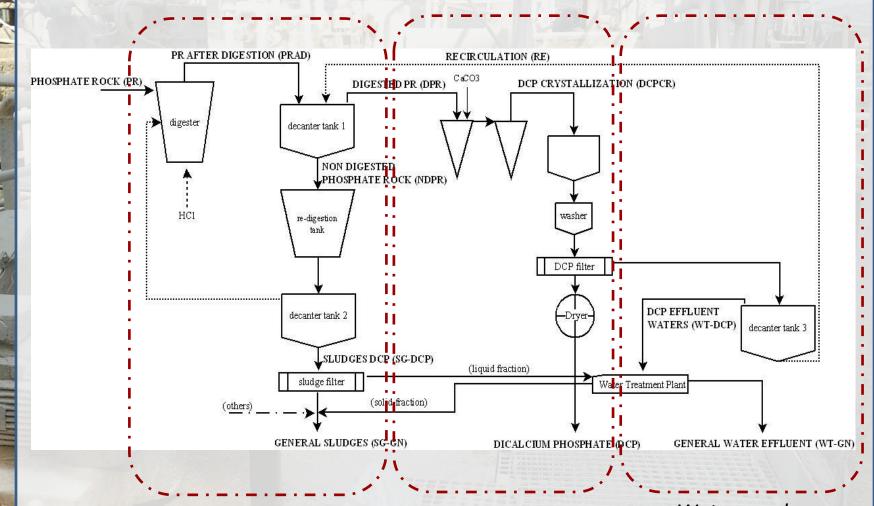
3) Dose evaluation

- Workers
- Public

2011-2012



DCP PRODUCTION PROCESS via HCI

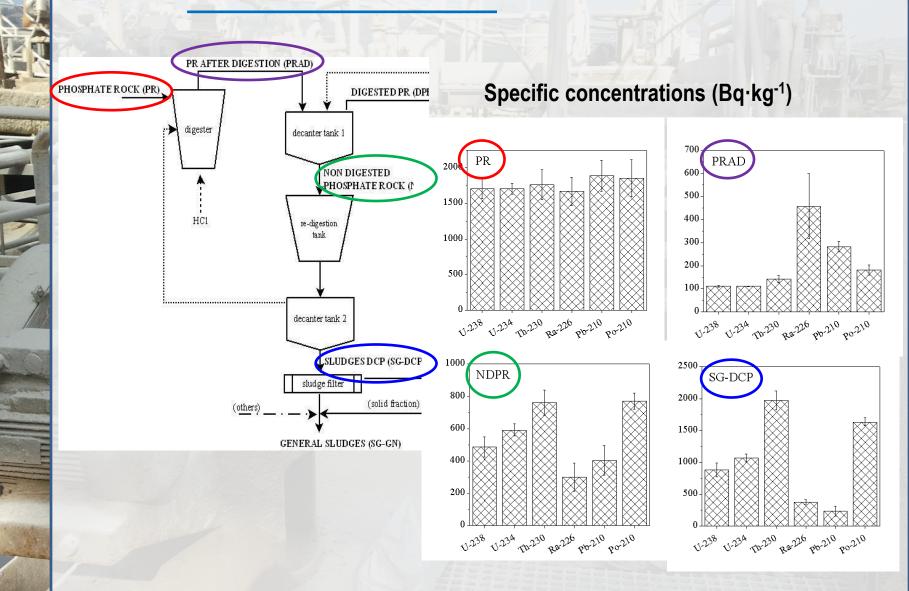


Sludges line

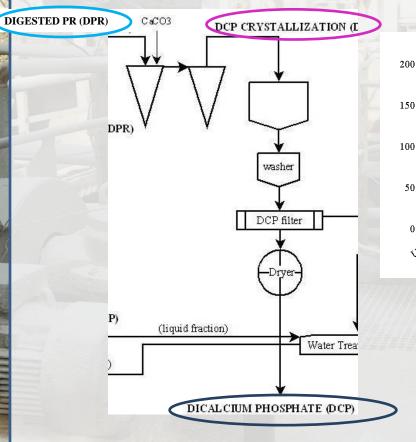
DCP line

Waters and recirculation line

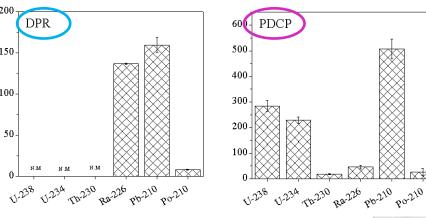
THE SLUDGES LINE

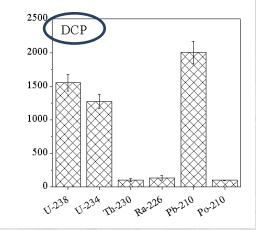


DICALCIUM PHOSPHATE LINE

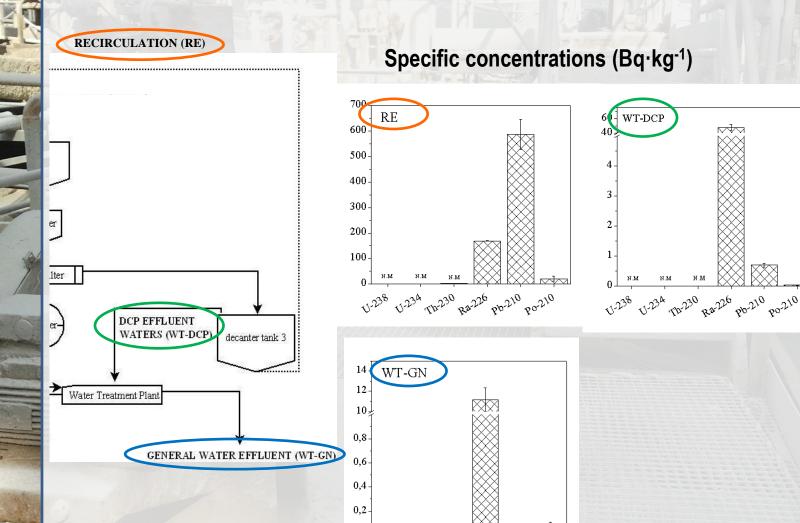


Specific concentrations (Bq·kg⁻¹)





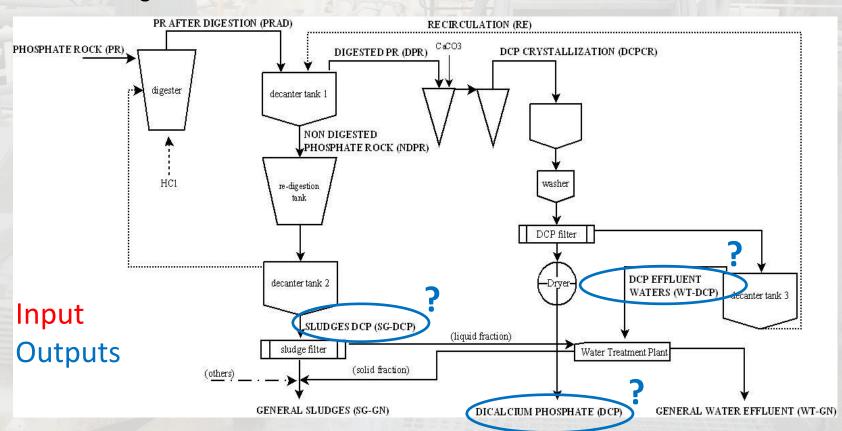
WATERS AND RECIRCULATION LINE



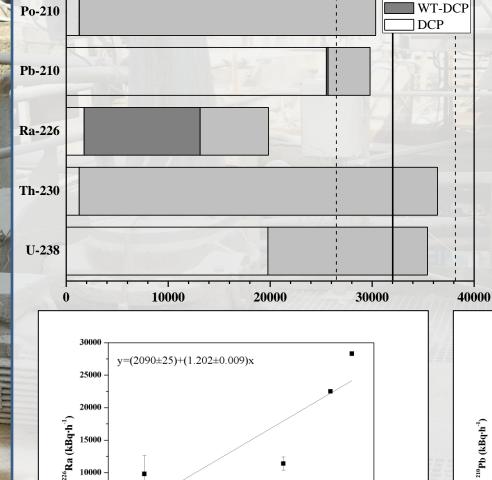
FLUXES OF RADIONUCLIDES

100% kBq·h⁻¹

²³⁸U and daughters



FLUXES OF RADIONUCLIDES



10000

CaCl₂ (kg·h⁻¹)

15000

20000

5000

10000

5000

<u>OIR</u>

SG-DCP

 0.91 ± 0.13

 0.87 ± 0.13

 0.66 ± 0.09

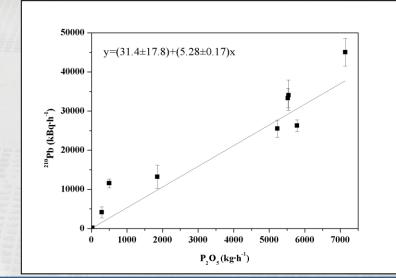
1.15 ± 0.14

1.15 ± 0.11

CaF₂ flux

CaCl₂ flux

P₂ O₅ flux



FLUXES OF RADIONUCLIDES SG-DCP WT-DCP Po-210 DCP SC-1, 2, 3 Pb-210 SC-5 digester CaCo3 precip. tank Ra-226 SC-7,8 Th-230 SC-4 U-238 10000 20000 300 Outflow (kBq·h⁻¹) 120000 105000 90000 ²²⁶Ra (Bq·kg⁻¹) 75000 60000 SC-2 SC-3 SC-4 SC-5 SC-7 SC-8 SC-1

WORK IN PROGRESS...

- 1) Radioactivity characterization- Raw materials
 - Intermediate products
 - Comercial products
 - Wastes
 - Suspended matter/dust
 - 30 m³ air filtration at 10 different areas at the DCP plant
- 2) Identification of the high dose rates areas
 - Area dosimetry.
 - Identification of the hot spots (> 10 uSv·h⁻¹)
- 3) Dose evaluation
 - Workers
 - Internal and external dose evaluation.
 - Special attention at maintenance and cleaning of pipes and digestors.
 - Public (environment)
 - Environmental impact due to releases to the river.



²²²Rn MEASUREMENTS: July 2011

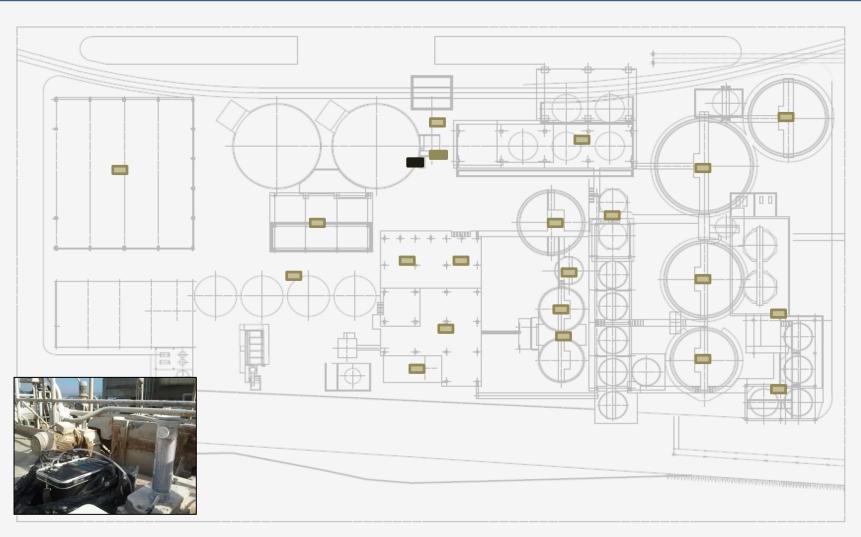
0 - 100 Bq·m⁻³



100 - 200 Bq·m⁻³



200 – 400 Bq·m⁻³





²²²Rn MEASUREMENTS: November 2011

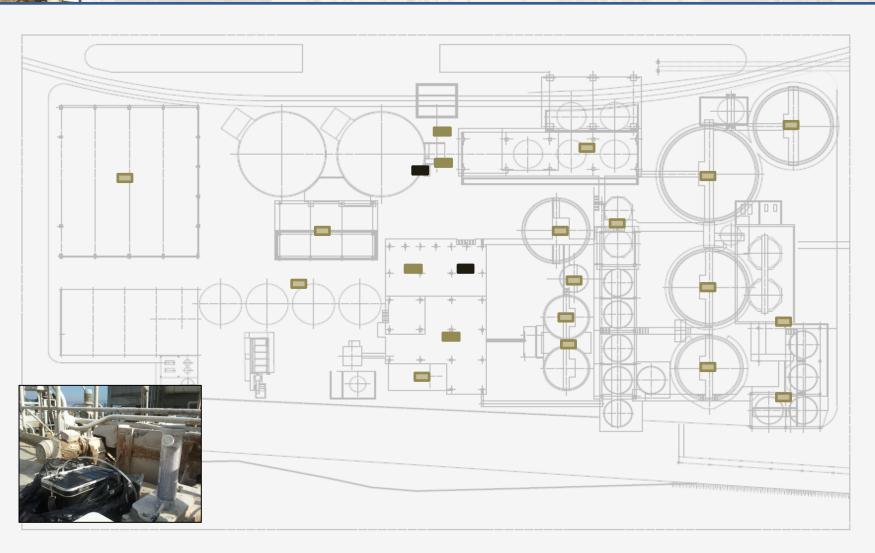
0 - 100 Bq·m⁻³



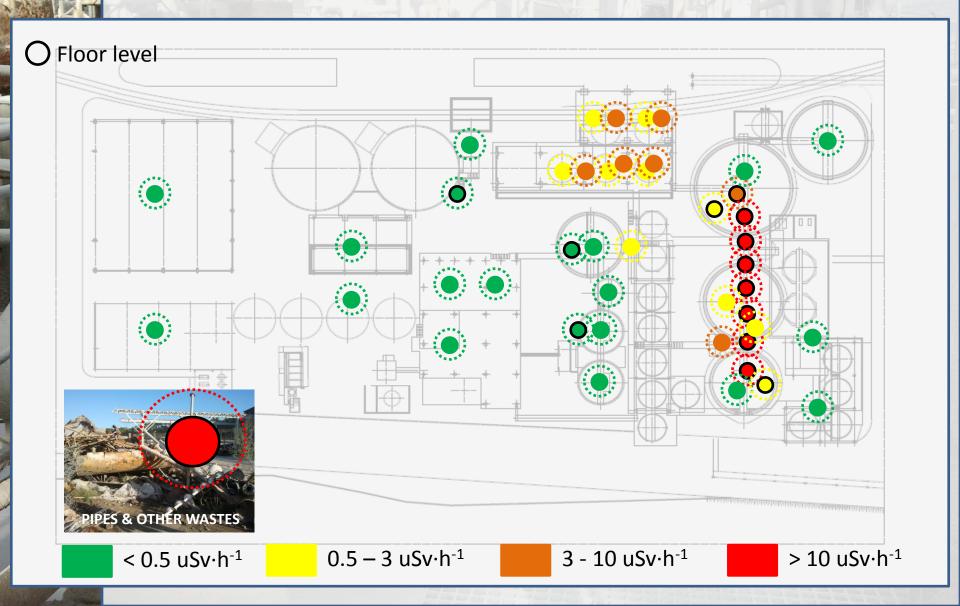
100 - 200 Bq·m⁻³



200 - 400 Bq·m⁻³



Gamma dose rates: July - November 2011





Summary

- Activity concentrations of PRODUCTS, INTERMEDIATE PRODUCTS, FINAL PRODUCTS and WASTES of the Dicalcium Phosphate industry > 1000 Bq·kg⁻¹ (1 Bq·g⁻¹).
 - Scales presenting the highest ²²⁶Ra concentrations (> 100 Bq·g⁻¹).
- Fluxes of radionuclides show a consistent balance of inputs and outputs which might be comparable to similar DCP production industries, but not exactly the same due to little changes in their production system (see Gäfvert et al., 2001).
- ²²²Rn should not be a problem in this particular case as this is an open-air industry.
- Gamma dose rates point to some "hot spots" which might be up to 30-40 uSv·h-1.
- Doses still to be calculated, paying attention on the manteinance and cleaning.
- Waste management problem (pipes and tubings) as the Instructions of the CSN are still not published.

